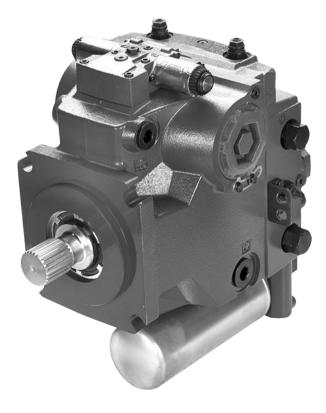


Technical Information

H1 Axial Piston Single Pumps Size 147/165





Revision history

Table of revisions

Date	Changed	Rev
September 2018	MMC update for M option added.	0802
May 2018	Angle sensor for EDC; FDC note added.	0801
May 2017	NFPE gen. 3 changes.	0701
November 2015	Master Model Code changes.	0600
September 2014	MDC, CCO, and Swash Angle Sensor options added	FA
Mar 2014	Converted to Danfoss layout - DITA CMS	EA
Apr 2013	FDC option added	DA
Dec 2012	Pressure changed	CA
Jul 2010	New EC directive	BA
Jul 2009	First edition	AA



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H1 Pumps General Specification

Axial piston closed circuit variable displacement pump of cradle swash-plate design with clockwise or counterclockwise direction of rotation.

Pipe connections

- Main pressure ports: ISO split flange boss
- Remaining ports: SAE straight thread O-ring boss

Recommended installation position

Pump installation position is discretionary, however the recommended control position is on the top or at the side with the top position preferred. If the pump is installed with the control at the bottom, flushing flow must be provided through port M14 located on the EDC, FNR and NFPE control.

Vertical input shaft installation is acceptable. If input shaft is at the top, 1 bar case pressure must be maintained during operation.

The housing must always be filled with hydraulic fluid.

Recommended mounting for a multiple pump stack is to arrange the highest power flow towards the input source.

Consult Danfoss for nonconformance to these guidelines.

Auxiliary cavity pressure

Auxiliary cavity pressure will be inlet pressure with internal charge pump or case pressure with external charge supply. For reference see Operating Parameters. Please verify mating pump shaft seal capability.

H1P 147/165 Technical Data

Feature	Size 147	Size 165
Displacement	147.2 cm ³ [8.98 in ³]	165.1 cm ³ [10.08 in ³]
Flow at rated speed (continuous)	441 l/min [117 US gal/min]	495 l/min [131 US gal/min]
Torque at maximum displacement (theoretical)	2.34 N•m/bar [1430 lbf•in/1000 psi]	2.63 N•m/bar [1605 lbf•in/1000 psi]
Mass moment of inertia of rotating components	0.027 kg•m ² [0.0199 slug•ft ²]	0.027 kg•m² [0.0199 slug•ft²]
Mass (dry – no charge pump or auxiliary mounting flange)	96 kg [211 lb]	96 kg [211 lb]
Oil volume	3.0 l [0.8 US gal]	3.0 l [0.8 US gal]

Shaft, flange and ports description

Input shaft outer diameter, ISO 3019-1 splined or tapered shaft	 Outer Ø44 mm – 4 (SAE D, 13 teeth) Outer Ø44 mm – 4 (SAE D, 27 teeth) Conical keyed shaft end similar to ISO 3019-1 code 44-3, taper 1:8
Mounting flange per ISO 3019-1	Flange 152-4 (SAE D)

Danfoss



Shaft, flange and ports description (continued)

Auxiliary mounting flange with metric fasteners, with shaft outer diameter and splines per ISO 3019-1	 Flange 82-2 Outer Ø16 mm – 4 (SAE A, 9 teeth) Flange 82-2 Outer Ø19 mm – 4 (SAE A, 11 teeth) Flange 101-2 Outer Ø22 mm – 4 (SAE B, 13 teeth) Flange 101-2 Outer Ø25 mm – 4 (SAE B-B, 15 teeth) Flange 127-4 Outer Ø32 mm – 4 (SAE C, 14 teeth) Flange 152-4 Outer Ø44 mm – 4 (SAE D, 13 teeth) 	
Suction port	1 ⁵ / ₈ -12 (SAE O-ring boss)	
Main configuration port	Ø31.5 mm - 450 bar split flange boss per ISO 6162, M12x1.75	
Case drain ports L2, L4	ISO 11926-1 – 1 ⁵ / ₁₆ –12	
Other ports	SAE O-ring boss	
Customer interface threads	Metric fasteners	

H1P 147/165 Operating Parameters

Parameter		Size 147/165
Input speed	Min. for internal ¹⁾ and external ²⁾ charge supply	500 min ⁻¹ (rpm)
	Min. for full performance, internal charge supply	1200 min ⁻¹ (rpm)
	Rated	3000 min ⁻¹ (rpm)
	Maximum	3100 min ⁻¹ (rpm)
System pressure	Maximum working	450 bar [6528 psi]
	Maximum	480 bar [6960 psi]
	Maximum low loop	45 bar [650 psi]
	Minimum low loop	10 bar [145 psi]
Charge pressure	Minimum	16 bar [232 psi]
	Maximum	34 bar [493 psi]
Control pressure	Minimum (at corner power for EDC, MDC)	17 bar [247 psi]
	Minimum (at corner power for NFPE)	25 bar [363 psi]
	Maximum	34 bar [493 psi]
Charge pump inlet	Rated	0.7 bar (absolute) [9.0 in Hg vacuum]
pressure	Minimum (cold start)	0.2 bar (absolute) [24.0 in Hg vacuum]
	Maximum	4.0 bar [58.0 psi]
Case pressure	Rated	3.0 bar [44.0 psi]
	Maximum	5.0 bar [73.0 psi]
Lip seal pressure	Maximum (external)	0.4 bar [5.8 psi]

¹⁾ Performance (displacement and pressure) may be limited due to limited control pressure.

²⁾ Full performance (displacement and pressure) possible at (at minimum charge pressure and control pressure supply.



Fluid Specifications

Viscosity

Intermittent ¹) Minimum 5 mm²/s [42 SUS] 7 mm²/s [49 SUS]		Recommended range	Maximum	
		12 – 80 mm²/s [66 – 370 SUS]	1600 mm ² /s [7500 SUS]	

¹⁾ Intermittent = Short term t < 1 min per incident and not exceeding 2 % of duty cycle based load-life

Temperature

Minimum (cold start) Rated	d	Recommended range [*]	Maximum Intermittent
-40°C [-40°F] 104°C	C [220°F]	60 – 85°C [140 – 185°F]	115°C [240°F]

* At the hottest point, normally case drain port

Cleanliness per ISO 4406	22/18/13
Efficiency β_x (charge pressure filtration)	$\beta_{15-20} = 75 \ (\beta_{10} \ge 10)$
Efficiency β_x (suction and return line filtration)	$\beta_{35-45} = 75 \ (\beta_{10} \ge 2)$
Recommended inlet screen mesh size	100 – 125 μm

Bearing Life and External Radial Shaft Loads

All external shaft loads affect bearing life. The pumps are designed with bearings that can accept some external radial loads. The external radial shaft load limits are a function of the load position and orientation, and the operating conditions of the unit.

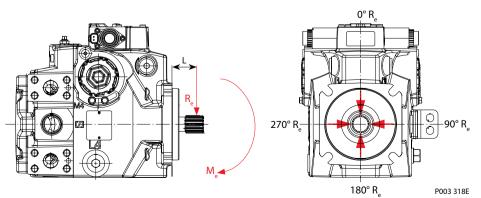
Danfoss recommends clamp-type couplings for applications with radial shaft loads. Contact your Danfoss representative for an evaluation of unit bearing life if you have continuously applied external loads exceeding 25 % of the maximum allowable radial load (R_e) or the pump swash-plate is positioned on one side of center all or most of the time.

Maximum external shaft load based on shaft deflection

External radial moment	Unit	Size 147	Size 165
M _e	N•m [lbf•in]	140 [1240]	140 [1240]

External radial shaft loads impact lifetime. For lifetime calculations please contact your Danfoss representative. In applications with external shaft loads, minimize the impact by positioning the load at 0° or 180° as shown below.

Radial load position





The maximum allowable radial shaft load (R_e) is based on the maximum external moment (M_e) and the distance (L) from the mounting flange to the load. It may be determined using the following formula:

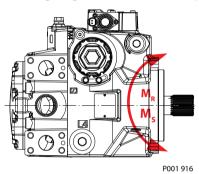
$$R_e = \frac{M_e}{L}$$

Thrust loads should be avoided. Contact your Danfoss representative in the event thrust loads are anticipated.

H1P 147/165 Mounting Flange Loads

The Rated and Shock load moments apply for top or side orientation of control.

Mounting flange load with control on top



Rated moment

M_R = 6500 N•m [57 500 lbf•in]

Shock load moment

M_S = 16 300 N•m [144 000 lbf•in]

For more information, see H1 Axial Piston Pumps, Basic Information, **BC00000057**, the section "Mounting flange loads".

Charge pump

Charge Pump Selection

In most applications a general guideline is that the charge pump displacement should be at least 10% of the total displacement of all components in the system. Unusual application conditions may require a more detailed review of charge flow requirements. System features and conditions which may invalidate the 10% guideline include (but are not limited to):

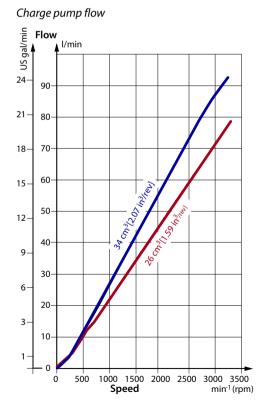
- Continuous operation at low input speeds < 1500 min⁻¹ (rpm)
- High shock loading and/or long loop lines
- High flushing flow requirements
- Multiple low speed high torque motors
- High input shaft speeds

Contact your Danfoss representative for application assistance if your application includes any of these conditions.

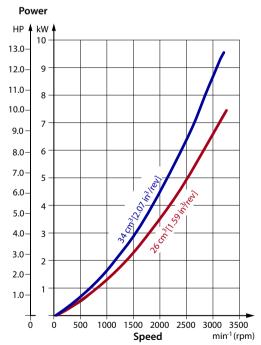
26/34 cm³ Charge Pump – Flow and Power Curves

Charge pump flow and power requirements curves shown below at the following conditions:

Charge pressure = 20 bar [290 psi] Viscosity = 11 mm²/s [63 SUS] Temperature = 80°C [176°F]



Charge pump power requirements







ABZ F D Е G ΗJ Κ М Ν SΤ ۷ w Х ٦ \square H1P \square

Displacement

147	147.2 cm ³ [8.98 in ³]
165	165.1 cm ³ [10.08 in ³]

A – Rotation

L	Left hand (counter clockwise)
R	Right hand (clockwise)

B – Product version

c Revision code

$Z-Port\ configuration$

A Inch, Customer O-ring port sealing according to ISO 11926-1

D – Controls — Electric Displacement Control (EDC)

Code	Control type	Voltage	MOR	CCO with key C	Angle sensor	Connector
A2	EDC	12 V	—	—	_	DEUTSCH
A3	EDC	24 V	_	_	_	DEUTSCH
A4	EDC	12 V	•	—	_	DEUTSCH
A5	EDC	24 V	•	—	_	DEUTSCH
E7	EDC	12 V	—	•	_	DEUTSCH
E8	EDC	24 V	—	•	_	DEUTSCH
H2	EDC	12 V	—	—	•	DEUTSCH
H3	EDC	24 V	—	—	•	DEUTSCH
H6	EDC	12 V	•	—	•	DEUTSCH
H7	EDC	24 V	•	—	•	DEUTSCH
H8	EDC	12 V	—	•	•	DEUTSCH
Н9	EDC	24 V	—	lacksquare		DEUTSCH

To be used for the control; — Not to be used for the control

D – Controls (continued) — Fan Drive Control (FDC)

F1	FDC	12 V	DEUTSCH Connector
F2	FDC	24 V	DEUTSCH Connector

Align with options: F: Orifices, E: Displacement limiters, M, N: Overpressure protection, and W: Special hardware.

A9	FNR	12 V	with MOR	DEUTSCH Connector
B1	FNR	24 V	with MOR	DEUTSCH Connector



D – Controls (continued) — Non Feedback Proportional Electric Control (NFPE)

Code	Control type	Voltage	MOR	CCO with key C	Angle sensor	Connector
N1	NFPE	12 V	•	—	_	DEUTSCH
N2	NFPE	24 V	•	_	_	DEUTSCH
N3	NFPE	12 V	—	•	•	DEUTSCH
N4	NFPE	24 V	—	•	•	DEUTSCH
N5	NFPE	12 V	•	_	•	DEUTSCH
N6	NFPE	24 V	•	_	•	DEUTSCH
N7	NFPE	12 V	—	•	—	DEUTSCH
N8	NFPE	24 V	—	•	_	DEUTSCH

Align with options: E: Displacement limiters and W: Special hardware.

D – Controls (continued) — Automotive Controls (AC)

Code	AC type	Voltage	MOR	Speed sensor	Wire harness	Angle sensor	Connector
P6	AC-1	12 V	•	•	•	—	DEUTSCH
P7	AC-1	24 V	•	•	•	—	DEUTSCH
P8	AC-2	12 V	•	•	•	•	DEUTSCH
P9	AC-2	24 V	•	•	•	•	DEUTSCH
P5	AC-1	12 V	•	—	—	—	DEUTSCH
R3	AC-1	24 V	•	—	—	—	DEUTSCH
R4	AC-2	12 V	•	—	—	•	DEUTSCH
R5	AC-2	24 V	lacksquare	—	—		DEUTSCH

- To be used for the control; — Not to be used for the control

Code	Control type	CCO Voltage	ссо	Neutral Start Switch	Connector
M1	MDC	—	—	—	—
M2	MDC	—	—	•	DEUTSCH
МЗ	MDC	12 V	•	—	DEUTSCH
M4	MDC	24 V	•	—	DEUTSCH
M5	MDC	12 V	•	•	DEUTSCH
M6	MDC	24 V	•	•	DEUTSCH

Align with options F: Orifices and Y: Settings for adjustment (if applicable).



A B Z D F E G H J K M N S T V W X Y

Code	Tank (A+B)	P orifice	A/B orifices	EDC, FNR	MDC	NFPE, AC	FDC
С3		No orifice		•		-	-
C1	-	-	0.8 mm	•		•	-
C2	-	-	1.3 mm	•		•	•
C4	-	-	1.8 mm	•		•	-
C5	-	-	2.5 mm	-	-	-	-
C6	1.0 mm	-	-	-	•	-	
C7	1.3 mm	-	-	-		-	-
D1	0.8 mm	1.0 mm	-	-	•	-	-
D2	0.8 mm	1.3 mm	-	-	•	-	-
D3	1.0 mm	1.3 mm	-	-		-	-
D4	1.0 mm	1.3 mm	1.3 mm	-	•	-	-
D5	0.6 mm	0.6 mm	0.8 mm	-	•	-	-
D6	1.3 mm	1.3 mm	-	-	•	-	-

F – Orifices related to control type

E – Displacement limiter

N	None
В	Adjustable externally
с	No limiters, with nested springs, required for NFPE, AC, FDC [*]
D	Adjustable externally with nested springs, required for NFPE, AC, FDC*

Align with option **Y**: Settings for adjustment (if applicable).

G – End-cap options (Twin port, ISO 6162 split flange ports)

Internal charge supply for full charge flow filtration with pressure limiter ¹⁾
Internal charge supply for full charge flow filtration with pressure limiter ²⁾
Suction filtration with pressure limiter ¹⁾
Remote or external charge supply for full charge flow filtration with pressure limiter ²⁾
Remote or external charge supply for full charge flow filtration with pressure limiter ¹⁾
Suction filtration with pressure limiter ²⁾

¹⁾ K – Auxiliary mounting pads ISO 3019-1 flanges:

- 101–2 (SAE B, 13 teeth and SAE B-B, 15 teeth)
- or None

 $^{2)}$ K – Auxiliary mounting pad ISO 3019-1 flange 127–4 (SAE C, 14 teeth)

^{• 82–2 (}SAE A, 9 and 11 teeth)



ABZ D F Е G н J Κ М Ν SΤ ۷ W Х H1P Π

H – Mounting (Align with option W – Special hardware features)

G	ISO 3019-1 flange 152–4 (SAE D)
L	ISO 3019-1 flange 152–4 (SAE D), 4-bolt, with speed sensor

J – Input shaft

G2	ISO 3019-1, outer Ø44 mm - 4 (SAE D, 27 teeth splined shaft 16/32 pitch)	
G3	ISO 3019-1, outer Ø44 mm - 4 (SAE D, 13 teeth splined shaft 8/16 pitch)	
F3	Conical keyed shaft end, code 44-3 (similar to ISO 3019-1), taper 1:8 (key not supplied with pump)	

K – Auxiliary mounting pad per ISO 3019-1

NN	None
E5	Flange 82–2, outer Ø16 mm - 4 (SAE C, 13 teeth 16/32 coupling); shipping cover
H1	Flange 82–2, outer Ø19 mm - 4 (SAE A, 11 teeth 16/32 coupling); shipping cover
H2	Flange 82–2, outer Ø16 mm - 4 (SAE A, 9 teeth 16/32 coupling); shipping cover
H3	Flange 101–2, outer Ø22 mm - 4 (SAE B, 13 teeth 16/32 coupling); shipping cover
H4	Flange 152–4, outer Ø44 mm - 4 (SAE D, 13 teeth 8/16 coupling); shipping cover
H5	Flange 101–2, outer Ø25 mm - 4 (SAE B-B, 15 teeth 16/32 coupling); shipping cover
H6	Flange 127–4, outer Ø32 mm - 4 (SAE C, 14 teeth 12/24 coupling); shipping cover
S 1	Flange 101–2, outer Ø22 mm - 4 (SAE B, 14 teeth 12/24 coupling); shipping cover

Align with option **G** – **End cap selection**.



ABZ D F Е GHJ Κ Μ Ν S T ۷ W Х Υ H1P $[\neg \bigcap$ Π

M – Overpressure protection type, side "A" / N – Overpressure protection type, side "B"

Pressure limiter and HPRV with bypass, pressure protection type <u>must be the same</u> for side "A" and "B"			
L ¹⁾	Pressure limiter setting	HPRV setting	
L20	200 bar [2900 psi]	250 bar [3630 psi]	
L23	230 bar [3336 psi]	280 bar [4061 psi]	
L25	250 bar [3630 psi]	300 bar [4350 psi]	
L28	280 bar [4061 psi]	330 bar [4786 psi]	
L30	300 bar [4350 psi]	350 bar [5076 psi]	
L33	330 bar [4786 psi]	380 bar [5510 psi]	
L35	350 bar [5080 psi]	400 bar [5800 psi]	
L37	370 bar [5366 psi]	420 bar [6090 psi]	
L38	380 bar [5510 psi]	420 bar [6090 psi]	
L40	400 bar [5800 psi]	450 bar [6526 psi]	
L42	420 bar [6090 psi]	450 bar [6526 psi]	
L43	430 bar [6237 psi]	450 bar [6526 psi]	
L44	440 bar [6382 psi]	450 bar [6526 psi]	
L45	450 bar [6526 psi]	480 bar [6962 psi]	
Overpres	ssure protection type and setting for FDC		
F01	150 bar [2175 psi]	250 bar [3630 psi]	
F02	150 bar [2175 psi]	300 bar [4350 psi]	
F03	150 bar [2175 psi]	350 bar [5076 psi]	
F04	150 bar [2175 psi]	400 bar [5800 psi]	

High pressure relief valve with bypass, pressure protection type <u>must be the same</u> for side "A" and "B"		
K ¹⁾	Pressure setting ²⁾	
K20	200 bar [2900 psi]	
K23	230 bar [3336 psi]	
K25	250 bar [3630 psi]	
K28	280 bar [4061 psi]	
K30	300 bar [4350 psi]	
K33	330 bar [4786 psi]	
K35	350 bar [5076 psi]	
K38	380 bar [5510 psi]	
K40	400 bar [5800 psi]	
K42	420 bar [6090 psi]	
K45	450 bar [6526 psi]	

¹⁾ L, F – <u>with pressure limiter; K – without pressure limiter</u>.

²⁾ Please contact Danfoss Power Solutions for pressures not shown or for applied pressure above max. working pressure.





ABZ SТ D J Κ м Ν V w Х Υ Π H1P IT I

S – Charge pump

A	26 cm ³ /rev [1.69 in ³ /rev]
L	34 cm ³ /rev [2.07 in ³ /rev]
Ν	No charge pump, external charge supply (Align with options: E , T)

T – Filtration (Align with option G: End cap selection)

L	Suction filtration	
м	Integral full charge flow filtration with bypass, bypass sensor, long filter length, 11004919	
N	Integral full charge flow filtration with bypass, bypass sensor, no filter	
Р	Remote full charge flow filtration	
E	External charge flow filtration (Align with options: N , S)	

V – Charge pressure relief setting

20*	20 bar [290 psi]
22*	22 bar [319 psi]
24*	24 bar [348 psi]
26	26 bar [377 psi]
28	28 bar [406 psi]
30	30 bar [435 psi]
32	32 bar [464 psi]
34	34 bar [493 psi]

* Not to be used for NFPE, AC and FDC controls.

W – Special hardware features (Align with options: D and E)

P1	NFPE valve plate
P2	NFPE/FDC/AC valve plate and speed ring on the cylinder block
P4	EDC/FNR/MDC valve plate and speed ring on the cylinder block
PN	EDC/FNR/MDC valve plate
H1	MDC/EDC/FNR valve plate with MDC handle

X – Paint and nametag

NNN	Black paint and Danfoss nametag



ABZ D F Е GHJ Κ Μ s t Ν V W Х Υ Н1Р \square Т \square Π Υ \square []

Y – Special settings (SIL-2 non-certifiable, without customer files)

Code	CAN J1939	ECO fuel saving mode	Functional option	Cruise control	Control	AC type
D3E	in/out	•	E	-	N1	— AC-1
D3F	in/out	-	F	-	(12 V _{DC})	
D4E	in/out	•	E	-	N2	
D4F	in/out	-	F	-	(24 V _{DC})	
D5F	in/out	-	F	-	P8	AC-2 (with swash plate angle sensor)
D5J	in/out	•	J	•	(12 V _{DC})	
D6F	in/out	-	F	-	P9	
D6J	in/out		J		(24 V _{DC})	
M00	MDC handle star	ndard position	*		•	•
NNN	None					

To be used for the control; — Not to be used for the control



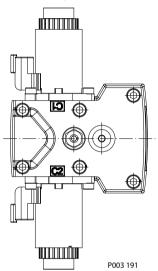
Electrical Displacement Control (EDC)

The Electrical Displacement Control (EDC) consists of a pair of proportional solenoids on each side of a three-position, four-way porting spool. The proportional solenoid applies a force input to the spool, which ports hydraulic pressure to either side of a double acting servo piston.

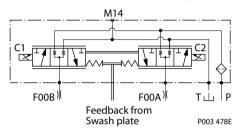
Differential pressure across the servo piston rotates the swash-plate, changing the pump's displacement from full displacement in one direction to full displacement in the opposite direction. A serviceable 125 µm screen is located in the supply line immediately before the control porting spool.

Under some circumstances, such as contamination, the control spool could stick and cause the pump to stay at some displacement.

Electrical Displacement Control

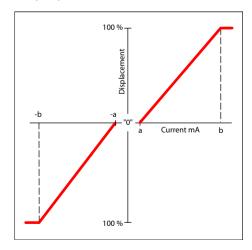


EDC schematic, feedback from swash-plate



EDC Control Signal Requirements

Pump displacement vs. control current



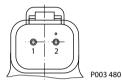


EDC Control minimum current to stroke pump

Voltage	a [*]	b	Pin connections
12 V	640 mA	1640 mA	any order
24 V	330 mA	820 mA	

* Factory test current, for vehicle movement or application actuation expect higher or lower value.

Connector



Connector ordering data

Description	Quantity	Ordering data
Mating connector	1	DEUTSCH DT06-2S
Wedge lock	1	DEUTSCH W2S
Socket contact (16 and 18 AWG)	2	DEUTSCH 0462-201-16141
Danfoss mating connector kit	1	K29657

EDC Solenoid Data

Description		12 V	24 V		
Maximum current		1800 mA	920 mA		
Nominal coil resistance	@ 20 °C [68 °F]	3.66 Ω	14.20 Ω		
	@ 80 °C [176 °F]	4.52 Ω	17.52 Ω		
Inductance		33 mH	140 mH		
PWM signal frequency	Range	70 – 200 Hz	70 – 200 Hz		
	Recommended*	200 Hz	200 Hz		
IP Rating	IEC 60 529	IP 67	IP 67		
DIN 40 050, part 9		IP 69K with mating o	IP 69K with mating connector		
Connector color		Black	Black		

* PWM signal required for optimum control performance.

Pump output flow direction vs. control signal

Shaft rotation	CW		ccw	
Coil energized [*]	C1	C2	C1	C2
Port A	out	in	in	out
Port B	in	out	out	in
Servo port pressurized	M4	M5	M4	M5

* For coil location see Installation drawings.

Control Response

H1 controls are available with optional control passage orifices to assist in matching the rate of swashplate response to the application requirements. The time required for the pump output flow to change



from zero to full flow (acceleration) or full flow to zero (deceleration) is a net function of spool porting, orifices, and charge pressure.

H1 pumps are limited in mechanical orifice combinations. Mechanical servo orifices are to be used only for fail-safe return to neutral in a case of an electrical failure.

A swash-plate response times table is available for each frame size. Testing should be conducted to verify the proper orifice selection for the desired response. Typical response times at the following conditions:

$$\label{eq:linear} \begin{split} \Delta p &= 250 \mbox{ bar [3626 psi]} \\ \mbox{Charge pressure} &= 20 \mbox{ bar [290 psi]} \\ \mbox{Viscosity and temperature} &= 30 \mbox{ mm}^2/s \mbox{ [141 SUS] and 50 °C [122 °F]} \\ \mbox{Speed} &= 1800 \mbox{ min}^{-1} \mbox{ (rpm)} \end{split}$$

Response Time, EDC 147/165

Stroking direction	0.8 mm [0.03 in] orifice	1.3 mm [0.05 in] orifice	No orifice
Neutral to full flow	5.8 s	2.1 s	1.3 s
Full flow to neutral	2.4 s	2.1 s	1.3 s



Manual Displacement Control (MDC)

A Manual proportional Displacement Control (**MDC**) consists of a handle on top of a rotary input shaft. The shaft provides an eccentric connection to a feedback link. This link is connected on its one end with a porting spool. On its other end the link is connected the pumps swash-plate.

This design provides a travel feedback without spring. When turning the shaft the spool moves thus providing hydraulic pressure to either side of a double acting servo piston of the pump.

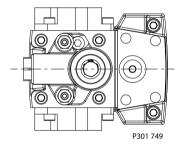
Differential pressure across the servo piston rotates the swash plate, changing the pump's displacement. Simultaneously the swash-plate movement is fed back to the control spool providing proportionality between shaft rotation on the control and swash-plate rotation.

The MDC changes the pump displacement between no flow and full flow into opposite directions. Under some circumstances, such as contamination, the control spool could stick and cause the pump to stay at some displacement.

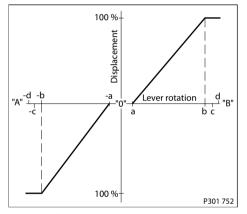
A serviceable 125 µm screen is located in the supply line immediately before the control porting spool.

The MDC is sealed by means of a static O-ring between the actuation system and the control block. Its shaft is sealed by means of a special O-ring which is applied for low friction. The special O-ring is protected from dust, water and aggressive liquids or gases by means of a special lip seal.

Manual Displacement Control



Pump displacement vs. control lever rotation



Legend: Deadband on **B** side – $\mathbf{a} = 3^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$ Maximum pump stroke – $\mathbf{b} = 30^{\circ} \pm 2/-1^{\circ}$ Required customer end stop – $\mathbf{c} = 36^{\circ} \pm 3^{\circ}$ Internal end stop – $\mathbf{d} = 40^{\circ}$

MDC Torque

Description	Value
Torque required to move handle to maximum displacement	1.4 N•m [12.39 lbf•in]
Torque required to hold handle at given displacement	0.6 N•m [5.31 lbf•in]
Maximum allowable input torque	20 N•m [177 lbf•in]

Caution

Volumetric efficiencies of the system will have impacts on the start and end input commands.

MDC General Information

In difference to other controls the MDC provides a mechanical deadband. This is required to overcome the tolerances in the mechanical actuation.



The MDC contains an internal end stop to prevent over travel. The restoring moment is appropriate for turning the MDC input shaft back to neutral only. Any linkages or cables may prevent the MDC from returning to neutral.

The MDC is designed for a maximum case pressure of 5 bar and a rated case pressure of 3 bar. If the case pressure exceeds 5 bar there is a risk of an insufficient restoring moment. In addition a high case pressure can cause the NSS to indicate that the control is not in neutral. High case pressure may cause excessive wear.

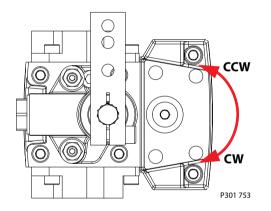
Customers can apply their own handle design but they must care about a robust clamping connection between their handle and the control shaft and avoid overload of the shaft.

Customers can connect two MDC's on a tandem unit in such a way that the actuation force will be transferred from the pilot control to the second control but the kinematic of the linkages must ensure that either control shaft is protected from torque overload. To avoid an overload of the MDC, customers must install any support to limit the setting range of the Bowden cable.



Using the internal spring force on the input shaft is not an appropriate way to return the customer connection linkage to neutral.

MDC Shaft Rotation



MDC shaft rotation data

Pump shaft rotation* Clock Wise (CW)		/) Counter Clock Wise (C		se (CCW)
MDC shaft rotation	cw ccw		CW	ccw
Port A	in (low)	out (high)	out (high)	in (low)
Port B	out (high)	in (low)	in (low)	out (high)
Servo port high pressure	M5	M4	M5	M4

* As seen from shaft side.

Control Response

H1 controls are available with optional control passage orifices to assist in matching the rate of swashplate response to the application requirements. The time required for the pump output flow to change from zero to full flow (acceleration) or full flow to zero (deceleration) is a net function of spool porting, orifices, and charge pressure.

H1 pumps are limited in mechanical orifice combinations. Mechanical servo orifices are to be used only for fail-safe return to neutral in a case of an electrical failure.

A swash-plate response times table is available for each frame size. Testing should be conducted to verify the proper orifice selection for the desired response. Typical response times at the following conditions:



$$\label{eq:lambda} \begin{split} \Delta p &= 250 \text{ bar } [3626 \text{ psi}] \\ \text{Charge pressure} &= 20 \text{ bar } [290 \text{ psi}] \\ \text{Viscosity and temperature} &= 30 \text{ mm}^2 \text{/s} [141 \text{ SUS}] \text{ and } 50 \ ^\circ \text{C} [122 \ ^\circ \text{F}] \\ \text{Speed} &= 1800 \text{ min}^{-1} \text{ (rpm)} \end{split}$$

MDC Response Time

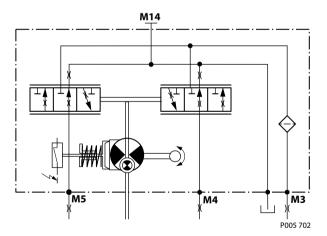
Code		Orifice description (mm)			Stroking direction (sec)	
	Р	A	В	Tank (A+B)	Neutral to full flow	Full flow to neutral
С3		No	orifice		0.9	1.0
C6	-	-	-	1	3.3	2.9
С7	-	-	-	1.3	2.1	1.9
D1*	1	-	-	0.8	5.0	3.9
D2*	1.3	-	-	0.8	4.4	4.4
D3	1.3	-	-	1	3.8	3.2
D4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1	4.6	3.8
D6	1.3	-	-	1.3	2.5	2.3

* For 147cc pump only.

Neutral Start Switch (NSS)

The Neutral Start Switch **(NSS)** contains an electrical switch that provides a signal of whether the control is in neutral. The signal in neutral is Normally Closed **(NC)**.

Neutral Start Switch schematic



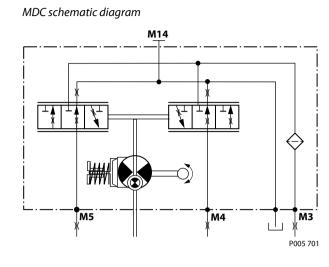
Neutral Start Switch data

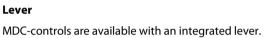
Max. continuous current with switching	8.4 A
Max. continuous current without switching	20 A
Max. voltage	36 V _{DC}
Electrical protection class	IP67 / IP69K with mating connector

Case Gauge Port M14

The drain port should be used when the control is mounted on the unit's bottom side to flush residual contamination out of the control.





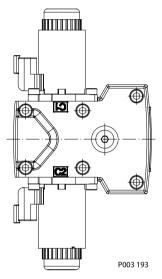




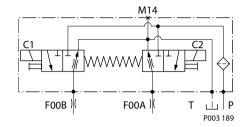
Forward-Neutral-Reverse Control (FNR)

The 3-position FNR control options **A9** (12 V) and **B1** (24 V) uses an electric input signal to switch the pump to a full stroke position. A serviceable 125 μ m screen is located in the supply line immediately before the control porting spool.

Forward-Neutral-Reverse electric control (FNR)

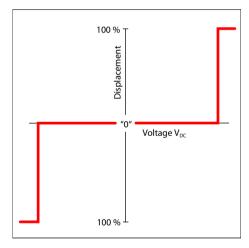


FNR hydraulic schematic



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Pump displacement vs. electrical signal



Under some circumstances, such as contamination, the control spool could stick and cause the pump to stay at some displacement.

Control current

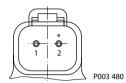
Voltage	12 V _{DC}	24 V _{DC}
Min. current to stroke pump	750 mA	380 mA
Pin connections	any order	



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Control Options

Connector



Connector ordering data

Description	Quantity	Ordering data
Mating connector	1	DEUTSCH DT06-2S
Wedge lock	1	DEUTSCH W2S
Socket contact (16 and 18 AWG)	2	DEUTSCH 0462-201-16141
Danfoss mating connector kit	1	K29657

Solenoid data

Voltage	12 V _{DC}	24 V _{DC}	
Minimum supply voltage	9.5 V _{DC}	19 V _{DC}	
Maximum supply voltage (continuous)	14.6 V _{DC}	29 V _{DC}	
Bi-directional diode cut off voltage	28 V _{DC}	53 V _{DC}	
Maximum current	1050 mA	500 mA	
Nominal coil resistance @ 20°C	8.4 Ω	34.5 Ω	
PWM Range	70-200 Hz		
PWM Frequency (preferred)*	100 Hz		
IP Rating (IEC 60 529) + DIN 40 050	IP 67/IP 69K (part 9 with mating connector)		

* PWM signal required for optimum control performance.

Pump output flow direction vs. control signal

Shaft rotation	CW		см ссм		
Coil energized [*]	C1	C2	C1	C2	
Port A	in	out	out	in	
Port B	out	in	in	out	
Servo port pressurized	M5	M4	M5	M4	

* For coil location see installation drawings.

Control Response

H1 controls are available with optional control passage orifices to assist in matching the rate of swashplate response to the application requirements. The time required for the pump output flow to change from zero to full flow (acceleration) or full flow to zero (deceleration) is a net function of spool porting, orifices, and charge pressure.

H1 pumps are limited in mechanical orifice combinations. Mechanical servo orifices are to be used only for fail-safe return to neutral in a case of an electrical failure.

A swash-plate response times table is available for each frame size. Testing should be conducted to verify the proper orifice selection for the desired response. Typical response times at the following conditions:

 $\Delta p = 250 \text{ bar } [3626 \text{ psi}]$ Charge pressure = 20 bar [290 psi]



Viscosity and temperature = 30 mm²/s [141 SUS] and 50 °C [122 °F] Speed = 1800 min⁻¹ (rpm)

Response Time, FNR 147/165

Stroking direction	0.8 [0.03] orifice	1.3 [0.05] orifice	No orifice
Neutral to full flow	s	s	S
Full flow to neutral	S	s	S

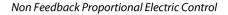
Technical Information H1P 147/165 Axial Piston Single Pumps

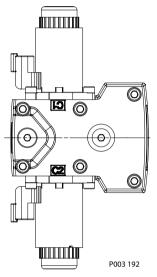
Non Feedback Proportional Electric Control (NFPE)

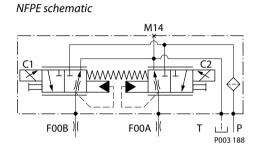
The Non Feedback Proportional Electric (**NFPE**) control is an electrical automotive control in which an electrical input signal activates one of two proportional solenoids that port charge pressure to either side of the pump servo cylinder. The NFPE control has no mechanical feedback mechanism.

A serviceable 170 µm screen is located in the supply line immediately before the control porting spool.

Under some circumstances, such as contamination, the control spool could stick and cause the pump to stay at some displacement.







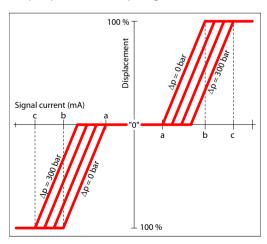
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Control Signal Requirements, NFPE 147/165

The pump displacement is proportional to the solenoid signal current, but it also depends upon pump input speed and system pressure. This characteristic also provides a power limiting function by reducing the pump swash-plate angle as system pressure increases.

A typical response characteristic is shown in the accompanying graph below:

Pump displacement vs. input signal



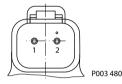


Control current requirements

Voltage	a [*]	b	c	Pin connections	
12 V	666 mA	1168 mA	1540 mA	- any order	
24 V	320 mA	600 mA	770 mA		

* Factory test current, for vehicle movement or application actuation expect higher or lower value.

Connector



Connector ordering data

Description	Quantity	Ordering data
Mating connector	1	DEUTSCH DT06-2S
Wedge lock	1	DEUTSCH W2S
Socket contact (16 and 18 AWG)	2	DEUTSCH 0462-201-16141
Danfoss mating connector kit	1	K29657

Description		12 V	24 V
Maximum current		1800 mA	920 mA
Nominal coil resistance	@ 20 °C [68 °F]	3.66 Ω	14.20 Ω
	@ 80 °C [176 °F]	4.52 Ω	17.52 Ω
Inductance	uctance		140 mH
PWM signal frequency	Range	70 – 200 Hz	
	Recommended*	200 Hz	
IP Rating	IEC 60 529	IP 67	
	DIN 40 050, part 9	IP 69K with mating	connector
Connector color		Black	

* PWM signal required for optimum control performance.

Pump output flow direction vs. control signal

Shaft rotation	CW		см ссм		
Coil energized [*]	C1	C2	C1	C2	
Port A	in	out	out	in	
Port B	out	in	in	out	
Servo port pressurized	M5	M4	M5	M4	

* For coil location see Installation drawings.

Control Response

H1 controls are available with optional control passage orifices to assist in matching the rate of swashplate response to the application requirements. The time required for the pump output flow to change from zero to full flow (acceleration) or full flow to zero (deceleration) is a net function of spool porting, orifices, and charge pressure.

H1 pumps are limited in mechanical orifice combinations. Mechanical servo orifices are to be used only for fail-safe return to neutral in a case of an electrical failure.



A swash-plate response times table is available for each frame size. Testing should be conducted to verify the proper orifice selection for the desired response. Typical response times at the following conditions:

$$\label{eq:lambda} \begin{split} \Delta p &= 250 \mbox{ bar [3626 psi]} \\ \mbox{Charge pressure} &= 20 \mbox{ bar [290 psi]} \\ \mbox{Viscosity and temperature} &= 30 \mbox{ mm}^2/\mbox{s [141 SUS] and 50 °C [122 °F]} \\ \mbox{Speed} &= 1800 \mbox{ min}^{-1} \mbox{ (rpm)} \end{split}$$

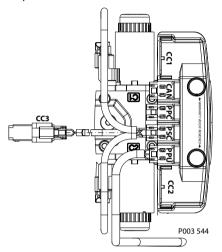
Response Time, NFPE 147/165

Stroking direction	0.8 mm [0.03 in] orifice	1.3 mm [0.05 in] orifice	2.3 mm [0.09 in] orifice
Neutral to full flow	6.7 s	2.7 s	0.9 s
Full flow to neutral	3.4 s	1.5 s	0.4 s



Automotive Control (AC)

The H1 **A**utomotive **C**ontrol (AC) is an electric NFPE Control with an integrated microcontroller, installed on the pump. The integrated microcontroller enhanced control performance with a flexible, configurable control scheme for an entire single path propel transmission. It can be used in combination with fixed and variable displacement hydraulic-motors. With the pre-installed application software and easily changeable control parameters, it is possible to tailor the vehicle's driving behavior to the individual requirements of the customer.



The H1 Automotive Control is divided into 2 systems:

- AC-1
- AC-2

AC-2 is an extension of AC-1 that features an integrated pump swash plate angle sensor and software enabled functions such as Swash Plate Control.

Mode types

The application software provides 3 different hydrostatic propel methods, defined as mode types, which can be used individually.

- **Automotive Load dependent** (torque controlled) driving behavior. Setpoint for the drive curve is the engine rpm.
- Non-Automotive Load independent (speed controlled) driving mode. Setpoint for the drive curve is
 a Joystick or drive pedal signal, independent of the engine rpm. The best performance will achieved
 with an AC-2 Swash Plate Angle Sensor.
- **Creep-Automotive Load dependent** (torque controlled) driving behavior (like Automotive). Setpoint for the drive curve is the engine rpm. The setpoint can be reduced by the creep potentiometer if a high engine rpm in combination with low vehicle speed is needed.

Basic functions

- Four selectable system modes, selectable via switch.
- Individual settings for forward and reverse driving direction (4 x 2 curves).
- Independent pump and hydraulic-motor profiling and ramping for each mode.
- Electric drive pedal connection
- Electronic inching function without separate control valve
- Electric creep mode potentiometer



- Configurable System Mode & Direction change
- Load independent pump displacement control with integrated Swash Plate Angle Sensor (AC-2)
- Hydraulic-motor displacement control including brake pressure defeat function

Performance functions

- ECO fuel saving mode with automatic reduction of the engine speed during transport (Cruise control)
- Vehicle constant speed drive control
- Vehicle speed limitation
- Dynamic brake light, automatic park brake, reverse buzzer and status LED outputs
- Vehicle speed controlled output function.
- Temperature compensation for predictable performance
- Advanced CAN J1939 interface for the information exchange with the vehicle control system

Protection and safety functions

- Safety controlled vehicle start protection with engine speed check, battery check and FNR must be in neutral, etc..
- Operator presence detection
- Hydraulic system overheat and low-temperature protection
- Hydraulic motor over speed protection
- Park brake test mode for roller applications to fulfill SAE J1472 / EN500-4.
- SIL2 compliant

Engine control and protection

- CAN J1939 engine interface
- Engine speed control via drive pedal with safety controlled monitoring function
- Engine antistall protection
- Engine over speed protection during inching
- Engine speed dependent Retarder control
- Engine cold start protection

Installation features

- Factory calibration for hysteresis compensation.
- Starting current adjustment in the factory
- Pre-installed application software and parameter files

For more information, see Automotive Control for H1 Single Pumps Technical Information, BC00000213.

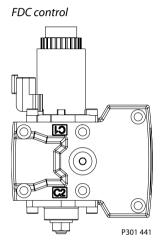
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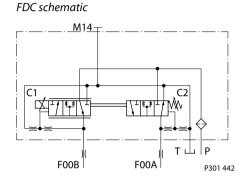
Control Options

Fan Drive Control (FDC)

The Fan Drive Control (**FDC**) is a non-feedback control in which an electrical input signal activates the proportional solenoid that ports charge pressure to either side of the pump servo cylinder. The single proportional solenoid is used to control pump displacement in the forward or reverse direction.

The control spool is spring biased to produce maximum forward pump displacement in the absence of an electrical input signal. Based on the spring bias spool default forward flow for a CW rotation pump is out of port B while default forward flow for a CCW rotation pump is out of port A.





The pump should be configured with 0.8 mm control orifices to provide slowest response and maximize system stability. Additionally, pressure limiter (PL) valves are used to limit maximum fan trim speed in both (forward and reverse) directions.

H1 pumps with FDC will be delivered from factory with nominal pressure limiter setting of 150 bar [2175 psi]. The PL must be re-adjusted to ensure that the fan reaches the desired fan speed to satisfy the cooling needs of the system. HPRV setting must be always at least 30 bar [435 psi] higher than PL setting.

Under some circumstances, such as contamination, the control spool could stick and cause the pump to stay at some displacement.

For more information necessary to properly size and configure a hydraulic fan drive system, see *Hydraulic Fan Drive Design Guidelines* **AB0000019**.

Use in other systems could result in unintended movement of the machine or it's elements. Loss of the input signal to this control will cause the pump to produce maximum flow. The FDC is for Fan Drive systems only!

Due to the fail-safe functionality of the FDC control the pump will stroke to max. displacement in case the input signal to the pump control and the Diesel engine will be switched off at the same time. In this situation a low loop event can occur which may damage the pump. Therefore, it's strictly recommended to keep the input signal to the pump control alive while switching off the engine. For further information please contact your Danfoss representative.

Control Signal Requirements, FDC 147/165

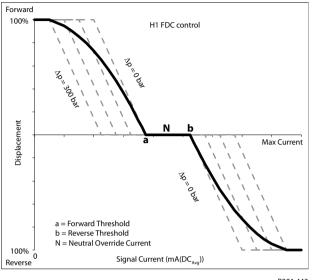
The pump displacement is proportional to the solenoid signal current, but it also depends upon pump input speed and system pressure. This characteristic also provides a power limiting function by reducing the pump swash plate angle as system pressure increases.

A typical response characteristic is shown in the accompanying graph below:





Pump displacement vs. control current



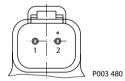
P301 443

Control current

Voltage	a [*]	N	b*	Pin Config
12 V	780 mA	1100 mA	1300 mA	anv order
24 V	400 mA	550 mA	680 mA	any order

* Factory test current, for fan movement expect higher or lower value.

Connector



Connector ordering data

Description	Quantity	Ordering data
Mating connector	1	DEUTSCH DT06-2S
Wedge lock	1	DEUTSCH W2S
Socket contact (16 and 18 AWG)	2	DEUTSCH 0462-201-16141
Danfoss mating connector kit	1	K29657

Description		12 V	24 V
Maximum current		1800 mA	920 mA
Nominal coil resistance	@ 20 °C [68 °F]	3.66 Ω	14.20 Ω
	@ 80 °C [176 °F]	4.52 Ω	17.52 Ω
Inductance	·	33 mH	140 mH
PWM signal frequency	Range	70 – 200 Hz	· ·
	Recommended*	200 Hz	



Description		12 V	24 V
IP Rating	IEC 60 529	IP 67	
	DIN 40 050, part 9	IP 69K with mating connecto	r
Connector color		Black	

* PWM signal required for optimum control performance.

Pump output flow direction vs. control signal

Shaft rotation	ation CW		CCW				
Control Logic	12 V	0-780 mA	1100 mA	1300-1800 mA	0-780 mA	1100 mA	1300-1800 mA
	24 V	0-400 mA	550 mA	680-920 mA	0-400 mA	550 mA	680-920 mA
Port A		in	no flow	out	out	no flow	in
Port B		out	no flow	in	in	no flow	out
Servo port pressur	ized	M5	n/a	M4	M5	n/a	M4

Warning

Loss of input signal to the control will cause the pump to produce maximum flow.

Control Response

H1 controls are available with optional control passage orifices to assist in matching the rate of swashplate response to the application requirements. The time required for the pump output flow to change from zero to full flow (acceleration) or full flow to zero (deceleration) is a net function of spool porting, orifices, and charge pressure.

H1 pumps are limited in mechanical orifice combinations. Mechanical servo orifices are to be used only for fail-safe return to neutral in a case of an electrical failure.

A swash-plate response times table is available for each frame size. Testing should be conducted to verify the proper orifice selection for the desired response. Typical response times at the following conditions:

 $\Delta p = 250 \text{ bar } [3626 \text{ psi}]$ Charge pressure = 20 bar [290 psi] Viscosity and temperature = 30 mm²/s [141 SUS] and 50 °C [122 °F] Speed = 1800 min⁻¹ (rpm)

Response Time, FDC 147/165

Stroking direction	0.8 mm [0.03 in] orifice
Full flow to neutral	3.9 s
Full forward flow to full reverse flow	5.6 s

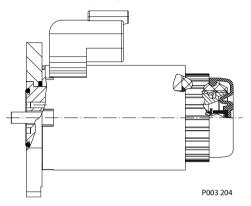


Manual Over Ride (MOR)

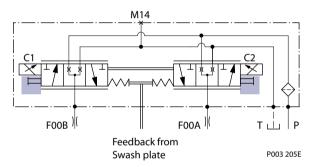
All controls are available with a Manual Over Ride (MOR) either standard or as an option for temporary actuation of the control to aid in diagnostics.

Forward-Neutral-Reverse (FNR) and Non Feedback Proportional Electric (NFPE) controls are always supplied with MOR functionality.

Manual OverRide (MOR)



MOR schematic diagram (EDC shown)



Unintended MOR operation will cause the pump to go into stroke. The vehicle or device must always be in a "safe" condition when using the MOR function. (Example: vehicle lifted off the ground)

The MOR plunger has a 4 mm diameter and must be manually depressed to be engaged. Depressing the plunger mechanically moves the control spool which allows the pump to go on stroke. The MOR should be engaged anticipating a full stroke response from the pump.

🛕 Warning

An o-ring seal is used to seal the MOR plunger where initial actuation of the function will require a force of 45 N to engage the plunger. Additional actuation typically require less force to engage the MOR plunger. Proportional control of the pump using the MOR should not be expected.

Refer to control flow table for the relationship of solenoid to direction of flow.



Swash Plate Angle Sensor for EDC Controls

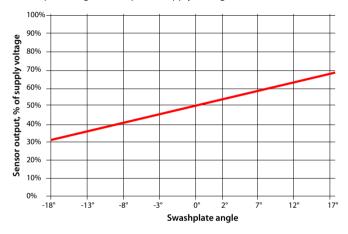
The angle sensor detects the swash plate position with an accuracy dependent upon the calibration effort done for the application and direction of rotation from the neutral position. At minimum the sensor can be used for forward, neutral and reverse (FNR) detection.

The sensor works on the hall-effect technology. The implemented technology is based on a measurement of the magnetic field direction in parallel to the chip surface. This field direction is converted to a voltage signal at the output.

Enhanced calibration of the non-linear behavior leads to more exact calculation of the pump swash plate angle.

The 4-pin DEUTSCH connector is part of the sensor housing.

The swash plate angle sensor is available for all EDC controls for 12 V and 24 V.



Swash plate angle vs. output of supply voltage

Strong magnetic fields in the proximity of the sensor can influence the sensor signal and must be avoided.

Contact your Danfoss representative in case the angle sensor will be used for safety functions.

Swash Plate Angle Sensor Parameters (EDC)

Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum
Supply voltage range	4.5 V _{DC}	5 V _{DC}	5.5 V _{DC}
Supply protection	-	-	18 V _{DC}
Pump neutral output (% of supply voltage)	-	50%	-
Working range (swash plate angle)	-18°	-	18°
Required supply current	-	-	30 mA
Output current signal	-	9 mA	11 mA
Working temperature	-40°C	80°C	115°C

Protection	Class
IP rating IEC 60 529	IP 67
IP rating DIN 40050, part 9	IP 69K with mating connector
EMC Immunity (ISO 11452-2)	100 V/m



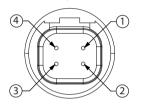
Calibration of the sensor output within the software is mandatory. Vehicle neutral thresholds in the software ($\pm 0.5^{\circ}$) are vehicle dependent and must consider different conditions, example: system temperature, system pressure and/or shaft speed.

For safety function: If the sensor fails (invalid signal <10% or >90% of supply voltage), it must be sure that the ECU will go into a diagnostic mode and shift into limited mode in order for the driver to take the full control or the mechanical breaks should be activated.

Strong magnetic fields in the proximity of the sensor can influence the sensor signal and must be avoided.

Swash Plate Angle Sensor Connector

DEUTSCH 4-pin connector



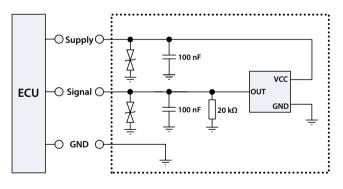
Legend: 1. Ground (GND) 2. Not connected 3. Output signal 1 (SIG 1) 4. Supply (V+)

Connector order numbers

Description	Quantity	Order number	
Mating connector DTM06-4S-E004	1	11105824	
Wedge lock WM-4S	1	not available	
Socket contact 0462-201-2031	3		

Interface with ECU

Interface with ECU diagram

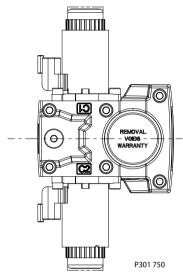




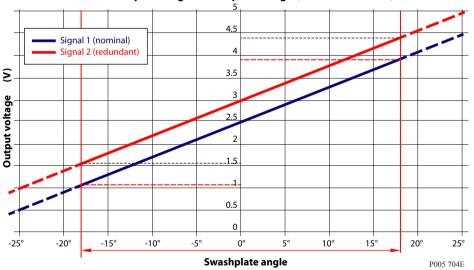
Swash plate angle sensor for NFPE and AC2 controls

The angle sensor detects the swash plate angle position and direction of rotation from the zero position. The swash angle sensor works on the AMR sensing technology. Under the saturated magnetic field, the resistance of the element varies with the magnetic field direction.

The output signal give a linear output voltage for the various magnet positions in the sensing range.



Swash plate angle vs. output voltage



Swashplate angle vs. output voltage (calibrated at 50 °C)

Swash Plate Angle Sensor Parameters (NFPE/AC)

Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum
Supply voltage range	4.75 V	5 V	5.25 V
Supply protection	-	-	28 V
Supply current	-	22 mA	25 mA
Output current (Signal 1, 2)	-	0.1 mA	-
Short circuit output current to supply or GND ¹⁾	-	-	7.5 mA



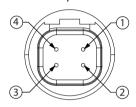
Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum
Sensitivity	70.0 mV/deg	78.0 mV/deg	85.8 mV/deg
Working range (swash plate angle)	-18°	0°	18°
Correlation between signals 1 and 2 ²⁾	475 mV	500 mV	525 mV

¹⁾ Up to duration of 2.5 seconds at 25°C

²⁾ Signal 1 (nominal) is lower than signal 2 (redundant)

Swash Plate Angle Sensor Connector

DEUTSCH 4-pin connector



4-Pin Legend:

1. Ground (GND)

2. Output Signal 2 (SIG2) – Secondary (redundant)

3. Output Signal 1 (SIG1) – Primary (nominal)

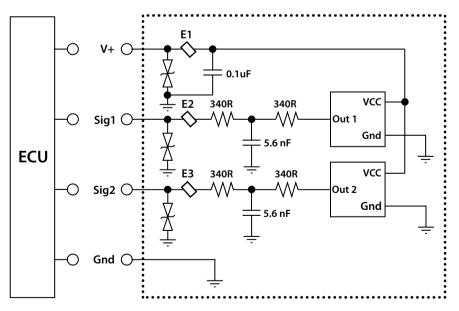
4. Supply (V+)

Connector order numbers

Description	Quantity	Order number
Mating connector DTM06-4S-E004	1	11105824
Wedge lock W4S	1	11084558
Socket contact (16-18 AWG) 0462-201-16141	2	K02325

Interface with ECU

Interface with ECU schematic



Minimum recommended load resistance is $100 \text{ k}\Omega$.



Control-Cut-Off valve (CCO)

The H1 pump offers an optional **Control-Cut-Off** valve integrated into the control. This valve blocks charge pressure to the control, allowing the servo springs to de-stroke pump regardless of the pump's primary control input.

There is also a hydraulic logic port X7, which can be used to control other machine functions, such as spring applied pressure release brakes. The pressure at X7 is controlled by the control cut off solenoid. The X7 port would remain plugged if not needed.

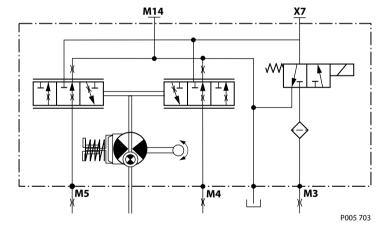
In the normal (de-energized) state of the solenoid charge flow is prevented from reaching the controls. At the same time the control passages and the X7 logic port are connected and drained to the pump case. The pump will remain in neutral, or return to neutral, independent of the control input signal. Return to neutral time will be dependent on oil viscosity, pump speed, swashplate angle, and system pressure.

When the solenoid is energized, charge flow and pressure is allowed to reach the pump control. The X7 logic port will also be connected to charge pressure and flow.

The solenoid control is intended to be independent of the primary pump control making the control cut off an override control feature. It is however recommended that the control logic of the CCO valve be maintained such that the primary pump control signal is also disabled whenever the CCO valve is deenergized. Other control logic conditions may also be considered.

All EDC and MDC controls are available with a CCO valve. The CCO-valve is available with 12 V or 24 V solenoid.

The response time of the unit depends on the control type and the used control orifices.



CCO schematic (MDC shown)

CCO connector



Connector ordering data

Description	Quantity	Ordering number
Mating connector	1	DEUTSCH DT06-2S
Wedge lock	1	DEUTSCH W2S
Socket contact (16 and 18 AWG)	2	DEUTSCH 0462-201-16141



CCO solenoid data

Nominal supply voltage		12 V	24 V
Supply voltage	Maximum	14.6 V	29 V
	Minimum	9.5 V	19 V
Nominal coil resistance at 20°C		10.7 Ω	41.7 Ω
Supply current	Maximum	850 mA	430 mA
	Minimum	580 mA	300 mA
PWM frequency	Range	50-200 Hz	50-200 Hz
	Preferred	100 Hz	100 Hz
Electrical protection class		IP67 / IP69K wit	h mating connector
Bi-directional diode cut off voltage		28 V	53 V

Brake gauge port with MDC

Caution

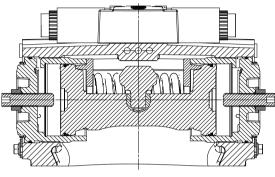
It is not recommended to use brake port for any external flow consumption to avoid malfunction of CCO function.



Displacement limiter

H1 pumps are designed with optional mechanical displacement (stroke) limiters factory set to max. displacement. The maximum displacement of the pump can be set independently for forward and reverse using the two adjustment screws to mechanically limit the travel of the servo piston down to 50 % displacement.

Adjustments under operating conditions may cause leakage. The adjustment screw can be completely removed from the threaded bore if backed out to far.



P003 266

H1P 147/165 Displacement Change (Approximately)

Parameter	Size 147	Size 165
1 Turn of displacement limiter screw	12.4 cm ³ [0.76 in ³]	13.9 cm ³ [0.85 in ³]
Internal wrench size	6 mm	
External wrench size	22 mm	
Torque for external hex seal lock nut	80 N•m [708 lbf•in]	

For more information, see H1 Axial Piston Pumps, Service Manual, **AX00000087**, the section "Displacement Limiter Adjustment".



H1P input shaft - Option G2 (SAE D, 27 teeth)

8.05 [0.317] Coupling must not protrude beyond this point Mounting flange surface flange 127 - 4 per ISO 3019-1 to be paint free 67.0 Pitch Fraction : 16/32 Pressure Angle : 30° Pitch -O : 42.863 [1.688] Typ of Fit : Fillet Root Side Fit Per : Ansi B92.1-1996 Class 5 Shaft to be paint free 8.05 (0.317) Coupling must not protrude beyond this point Number of Teeth : 27 Pitch Fraction : 16/32 Pressure Angle : 30° Pitch -O : 42.863 [1.688] Typ of Fit : Fillet Root Side Fit Per : Ansi B92.1-1996 Class 5

Option G2, ISO 3019-1, outer dia 44 mm-4 (SAE D, 27 teeth)

P003 271E

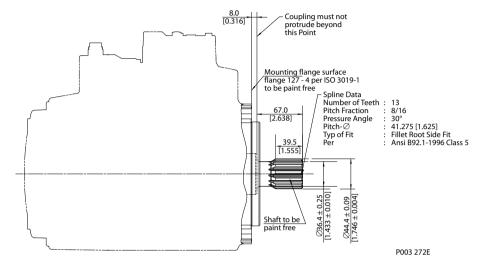
Specifications

Option		G2
Spline		27 teeth, 16/32 pitch
Min. active spline length for the specified torque ratings		42.0 mm [1.654 in]
Torque rating	Rated	1615 N•m [14 300 lbf•in]
	Maximum	3000 N•m [26 550 lbf•in]

For definitions of maximum and rated torque values, refer to *H1 Axial Piston Pumps Basic Information,* **BC00000057**, the section "Shaft Torque Ratings and Spline Lubrication".



H1P input shaft - Option G3 (SAE D, 13 teeth)



Option G3, ISO 3019-1, outer Ø 44 mm-4 (SAE D, 13 teeth)

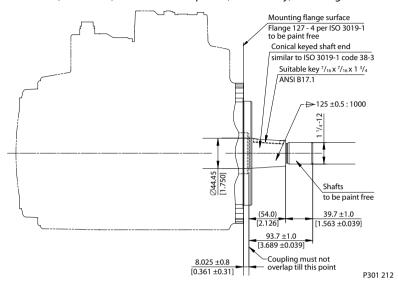
Specifications

Option		G3	
Spline		13 teeth, 8/16 pitch	
Min. active spline length for the specified torque ratings		39.5 mm [1.555 in]	
Torque rating	Rated	1442 N•m [12 800 lbf•in]	
	Maximum	2206 N•m [19 500 lbf•in]	

For definitions of maximum and rated torque values, refer to *H1 Axial Piston Pumps Basic Information*, **BC00000057**, the section "Shaft Torque Ratings and Spline Lubrication".



H1P input shaft - Option F3, Code 44-3



ISO 3019-1, Code 44-3, Diameter 44.5 taper 1:8, without key, no through-hole in the end of the shaft

Specifications

Option		F3
Tapered shaft		44-3 taper without key
Torque rating	Rated	1766 N•m [15 630 lbf•in]
	Maximum	2354 N•m [20 830 lbf•in]

Mating part must maintain a minimum gap width of 1.0 mm with the shaft shoulder after installation of the part. Transmittable torque will be reduced if the minimum gap requirement is not met.

Rated torque includes just the capability of the press-fit in accordance with an assumed fastener grade 5.

For definitions of maximum and rated torque values, refer to *H1 Axial Piston Pumps Basic Information*, **BC00000057**, the section "Shaft Torque Ratings and Spline Lubrication".

Tapered shaft customer acknowledgement

The Danfoss H1 tapered shaft has been designed using the industry standard ISO 3019-1, minus the through-hole in the end of the shaft. Danfoss recommends a self-locking nut instead of a castle nut and pin. The nut and mating square-cut key are customer supplied. The specified torque rating of the tapered shaft is based on the cross-sectional diameter of the shaft, through the keyway, and assumes the proper clamp and fit between shaft and coupling.

Danfoss guarantees the design and manufactured quality of the tapered shaft. The customer is responsible for the design and manufactured quality of the mating female coupling and key and applied torque on the nut. Danfoss has made provisions for the key in accordance to the ISO specification with the understanding that the key is solely to assist in the installation of the mating coupling.

Caution

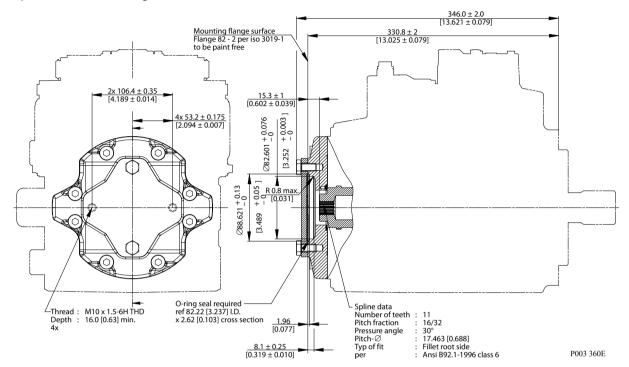
Possible hazard because torque or loading inadvertently transmitted by the customer supplied key may lead to premature shaft failure.

Torque must be transmitted by the taper fit between the shaft and it's mating coupling, not the key.



H1P 147/165 Auxiliary mounting, option H1 (SAE A, 11 teeth)

Option H1, ISO 3019-1, flange 82-2 (SAE A, 11 teeth)



Specifications

Option	H1
Spline	11 teeth, 16/32 pitch
Maximum torque	296 N•m [2620 lbf•in]

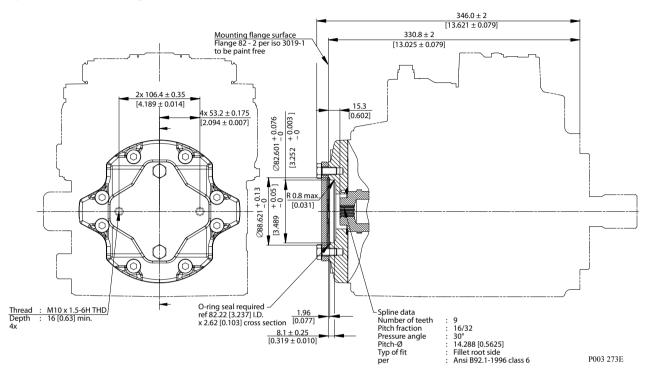
For definitions of maximum and rated torque values, refer to *H1 Axial Piston Pumps Basic Information*, **BC00000057**, the section "Shaft Torque Ratings and Spline Lubrication".

Caution



H1P 147/165 Auxiliary mounting, option H2 (SAE A, 9 teeth)

Option H2, ISO 3019-1, flange 82-2 (SAE A, 9 teeth)



Specifications

Option	H2
Spline	9 teeth, 16/32 pitch
Maximum torque	162 N•m [1430 lbf•in]

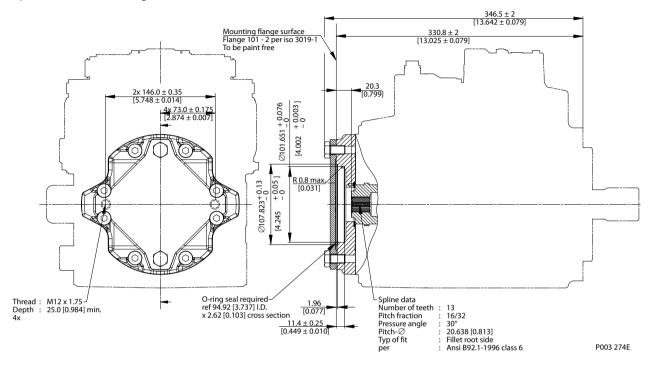
For definitions of maximum and rated torque values, refer to *H1 Axial Piston Pumps Basic Information*, **BC00000057**, the section "Shaft Torque Ratings and Spline Lubrication".

Caution



H1P 147/165 Auxiliary mounting, option H3 (SAE B, 13 teeth)

Option H3, ISO 3019-1, flange 101-2 (SAE B, 13 teeth)



Specifications

Option	Нз
Spline	13 teeth, 16/32 pitch
Maximum torque	395 N•m [3500 lbf•in]

For definitions of maximum and rated torque values, refer to *H1 Axial Piston Pumps Basic Information*, **BC00000057**, the section "Shaft Torque Ratings and Spline Lubrication".

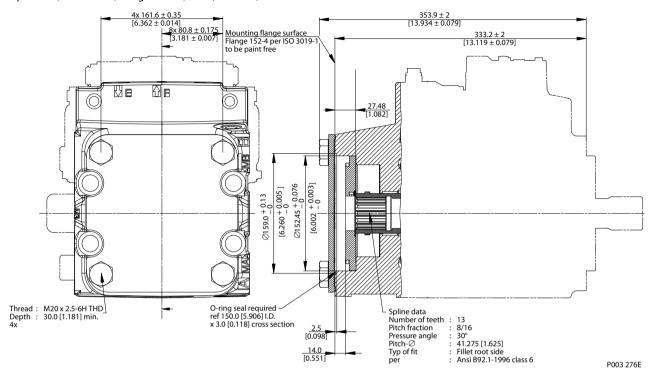
Caution





H1P 147/165 Auxiliary mounting, option H4 (SAE D, 13 teeth)

Option H4, ISO 3019-1, flange 152-4 (SAE D, 13 teeth)



Specifications

Option	H4
Spline	13 teeth, 8/16 pitch
Maximum torque	2206 N•m [19 525 lbf•in]

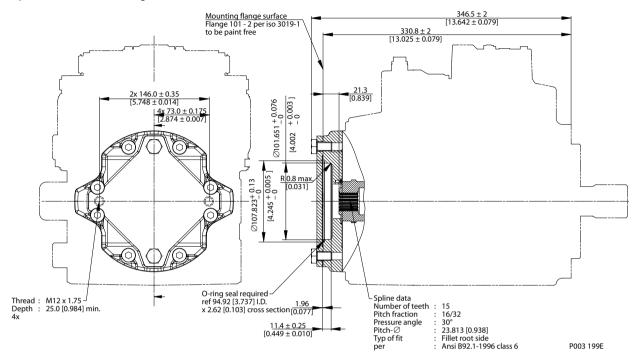
For definitions of maximum and rated torque values, refer to *H1 Axial Piston Pumps Basic Information,* **BC00000057**, the section "Shaft Torque Ratings and Spline Lubrication".

Caution



H1P 147/165 Auxiliary mounting, option H5 (SAE B-B, 15 teeth)

Option H5, ISO 3019-1, flange 101-2 (SAE B-B, 15 teeth)



Specifications	
Option	H5
Spline	15 teeth, 16/32 pitch
Maximum torque	693 N•m [6130 lbf•in]

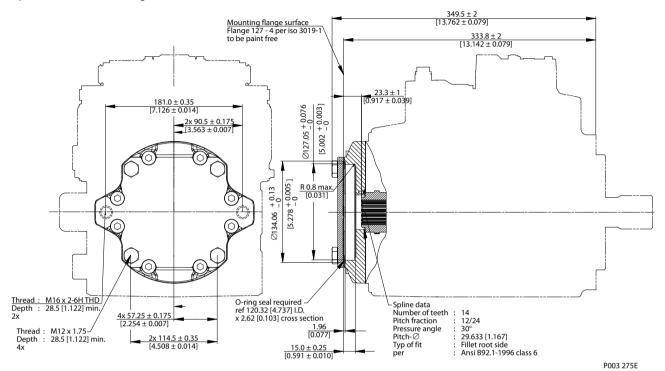
For definitions of maximum and rated torque values, refer to *H1 Axial Piston Pumps Basic Information*, **BC00000057**, the section "Shaft Torque Ratings and Spline Lubrication".

Caution



H1P 147/165 Auxiliary mounting, option H6 (SAE C, 14 teeth)

Option H6, ISO 3019-1, flange 127-4 (SAE C, 14 teeth)



Specifications

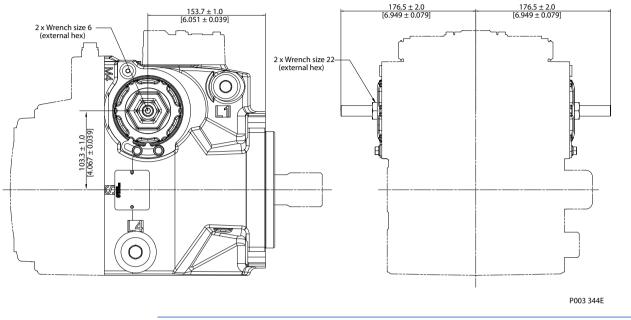
Option	H6
Spline	14 teeth, 12/24 pitch
Maximum torque	816 N•m [7220 lbf•in]

For definitions of maximum and rated torque values, refer to *H1 Axial Piston Pumps Basic Information,* **BC00000057**, the section "Shaft Torque Ratings and Spline Lubrication".

Caution

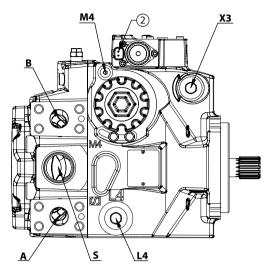


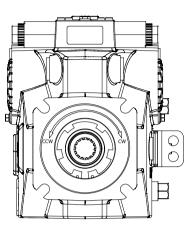
H1P 147/165 displacement limiter, option B



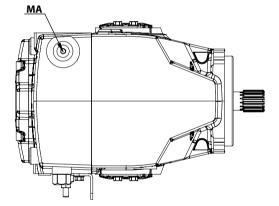


Port Description H1P 147/165





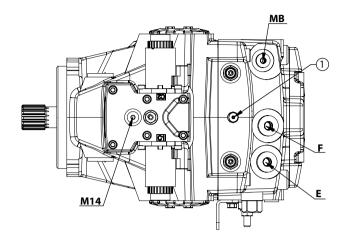
P005 932

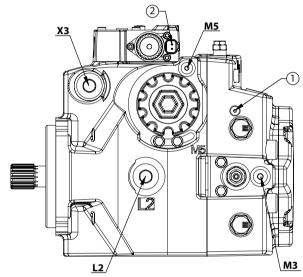


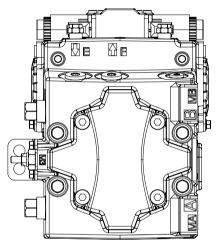
Ports per ISO 11926-1 description

Port	Description	Size 147/165
A, BSystem ports A and B450 bar, Split flange boss per ISO 6162		Ø31.5 mm; M12 x 1.75; 20 min. full thread depth; Recommended screw in depth 1.5 x thread dia
MA System A gauge port		9_{16} –18; Ø28 max clearance dia for fitting
Х3	Case pressure port	$1^{5/}_{16}$ -12; Ø41 max clearance dia for fitting
L4	Case drain port	$1^{1}/_{16}$ -12; Ø63 max clearance dia for fitting
M4	Servo gauge port	7_{16} –20; Ø24.5 max clearance dia for fitting
S	Charge inlet port	1 ⁵ / ₈ –12; Ø69 max clearance dia for fitting









P005 933

1. Charge pressure construction port $\frac{5}{16}$ -24

2. Connector DEUTSCH DT04-2P, to be paint free

Ports per ISO 11926-1 description

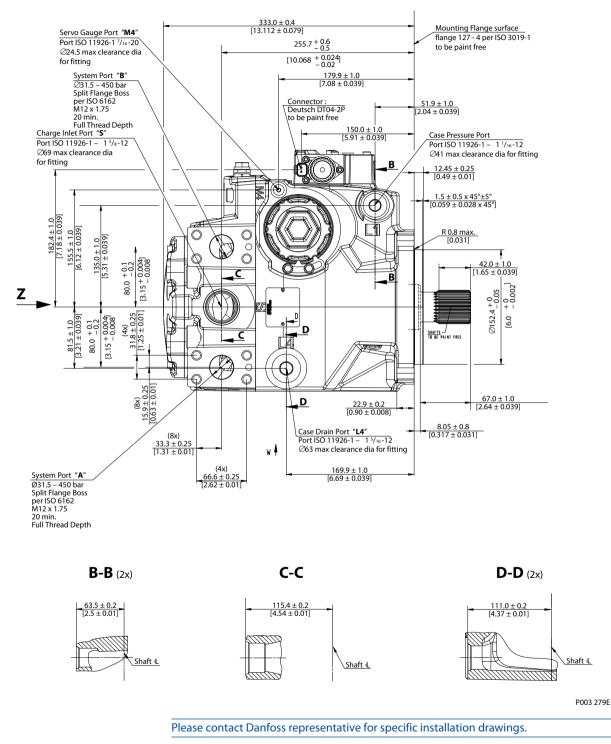
Port	Description	Size 147/165
E, F	Charge filtration port from/to filter	$1^{1}/_{16}$ -12; Ø42 max clearance dia for fitting
L2	Case drain port	1 ⁵ / ₁₆ –12; Ø63 max clearance dia for fitting
МВ	System B gauge port	⁹ ∕ ₁₆ −18; Ø28 max clearance dia for fitting
М3	Charge gauge port, after filtering	⁹ ∕ ₁₆ −18; Ø28 max clearance dia for fitting
M5	Servo gauge port	7/ ₁₆ –20; Ø21 max clearance dia for fitting
M14	Case gauge port	$\frac{7}{16}$ -20; Ø21 max clearance dia for fitting
Х3	Case pressure port	1^{5}_{16} -12; Ø63 max clearance dia for fitting

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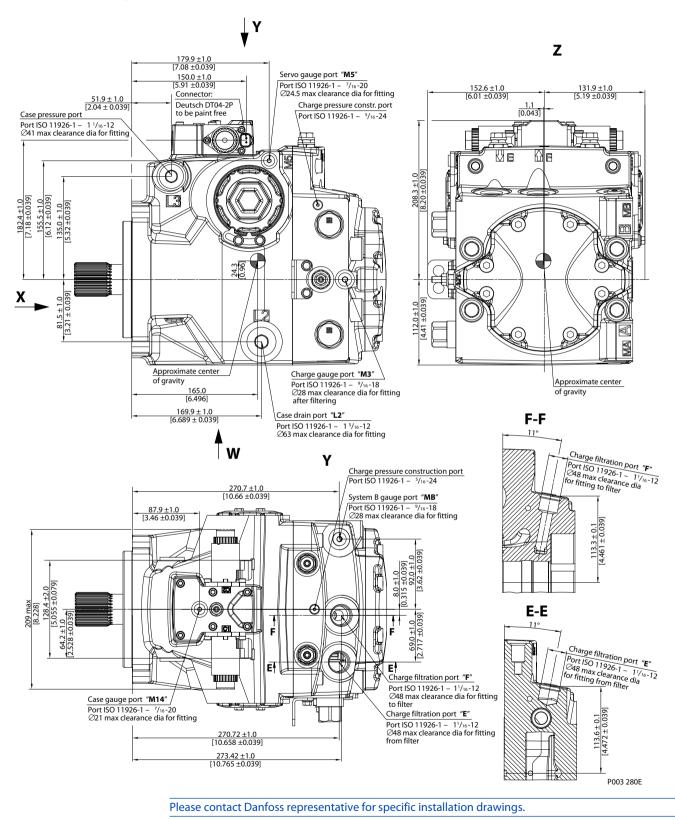




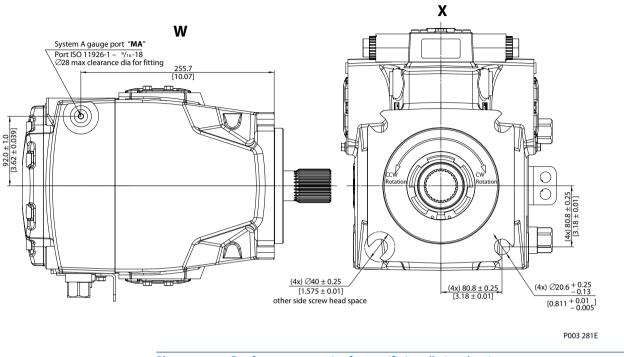
Dimensions H1P 147/165







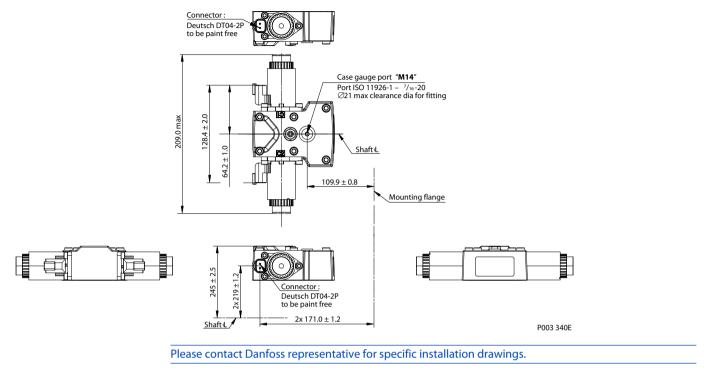




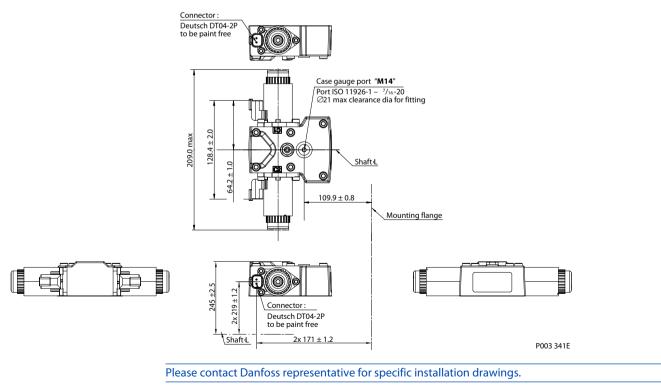




Electric Displacement Control, Options A2/A3 (12/24 V)



Electric Displacement Control with MOR, Options A4/A5 (12/24 V)

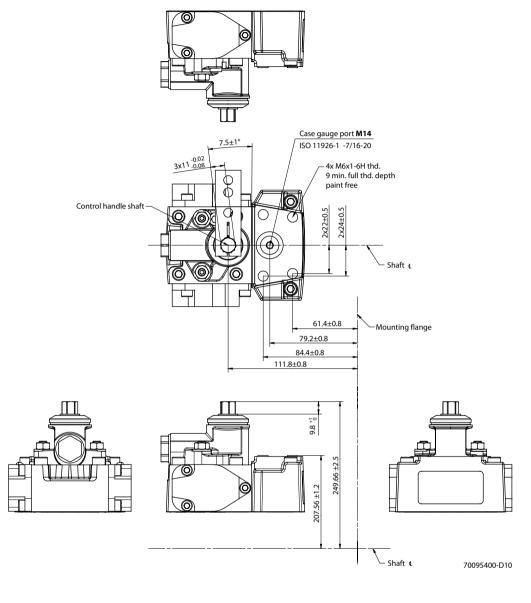




Danfoss

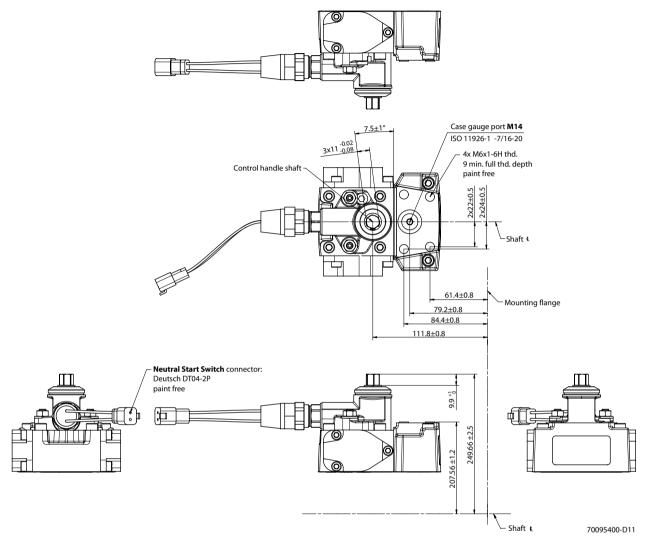
Controls

H1P 147/165 Manual Displacement Control (MDC), option M1





H1P 147/165 Manual Displacement Control (MDC) with NSS, option M2

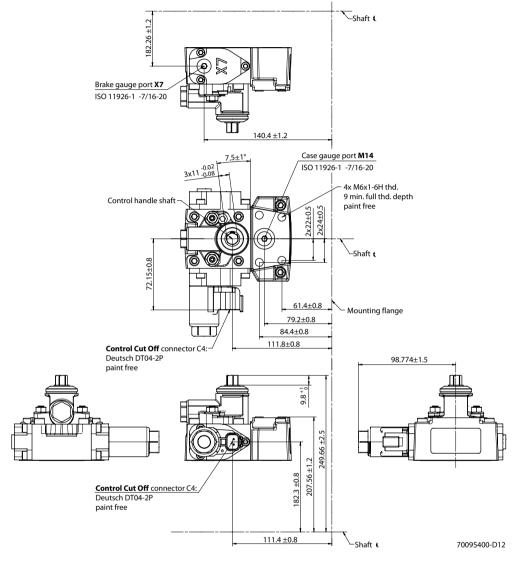


Neutral Start Switch connector:

Pin	Assignment		Pin	Assignment
1	Supply	OR	1	Ground
2	Ground		2	Supply



H1P 147/165 Manual Displacement Control (MDC) with CCO, option M3, M4

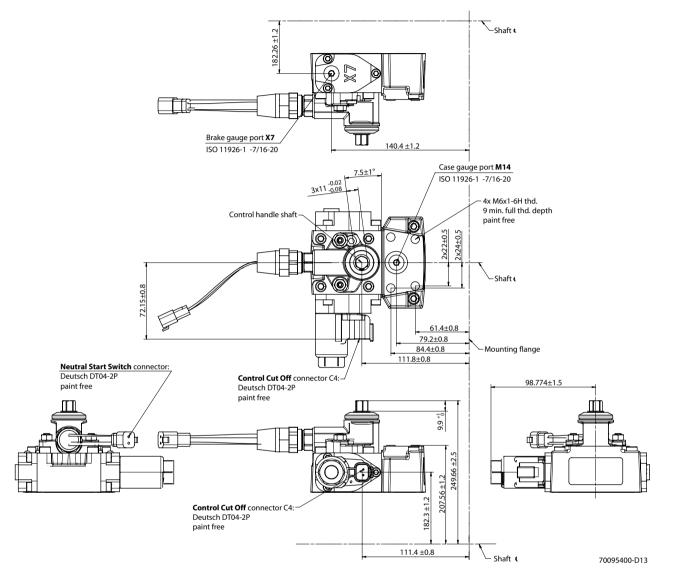


Control Cut Off connector **C4** Pin Assignment:

- 1. Supply
- 2. Ground



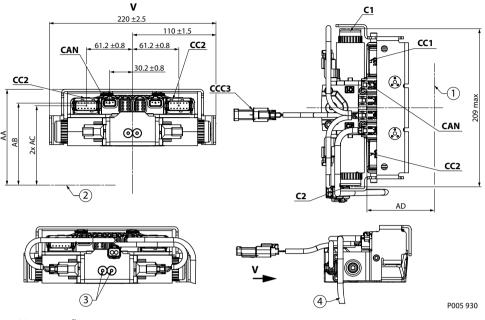
H1P 147/165 Manual Displacement Control (MDC) with NSS and CCO, option M5, M6



Pin	Assignment		Pin	Assignment
1	Supply	OR	1	Ground
2	Ground		2	Supply



Automotive Control (AC) Dimensions



1. Mounting flange

2. Shaft

- **3.** Plug removing can cause contamination issues
- 4. PPU wire harness is factory installed to speed sensor

Dimensions, (mm)

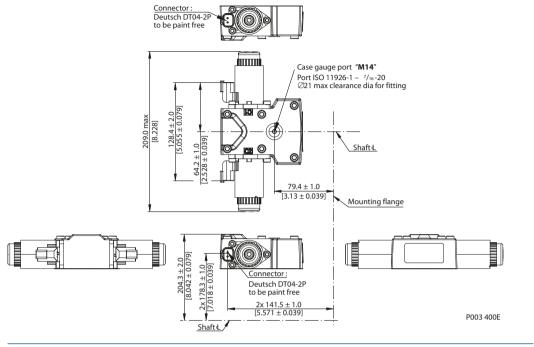
Callout	Value
AA	208.9 ±2.5
АВ	190.5 ±1.2
AC	2x 187.1 ±1.2
AD	89.2 ±0.8

Connectors description

Port	Description
C1 C2	Control MOR; Depressing the plunger mechanically moves the control spool. Actuation allows full stroke pump response as per coil and rotation dependent control logic.
CC1	Control connector Deutsch DTM04-12P -A; Paint free
CC2	Control connector Deutsch DTM04-12P -B; Paint free
СССЗ	Control connector Deutsch DT06-2S; Paint free; For using connector the plug may be removed.
CAN	Control connector Deutsch DTM04-3P; Paint free; For using connector the plug may be removed.



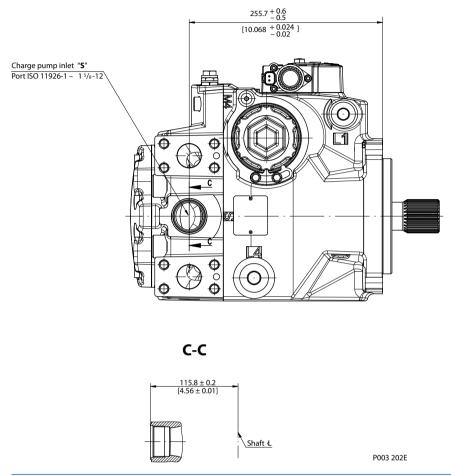
Forward-Neutral-Reverse (FNR) with manual override, options A9 (12 V) / B1 (24 V)





Filtration

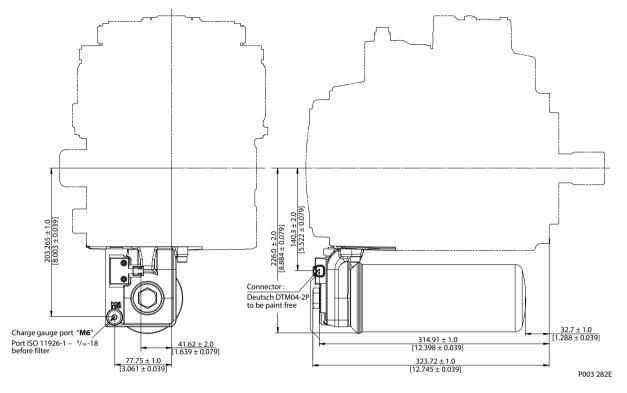
Suction filtration, option L, H1P 147/165





Filtration

Integral full flow charge pressure filtration with filter bypass sensor, option M, H1P 147/165









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